

SANDUR GIRLS' RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL, VYASNAKERE
ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2019-20

CLASS: VII

SUBJECT: GEOGRAPHY

MARKS: 80

H.C.G. – Paper – 2
(Two hours)

Answer to this paper must be written on the paper provided separately.

You will **not** be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes.

This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.

The time given at the head of this Paper is time allowed for writing the answers.

Attempt seven questions in all.

Part I is compulsory. All questions from **Part I** are to be attempted.

A total of five questions to be attempted from **Part II.**

The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].

To be supplied with this Paper: Survey of India Map Sheet No. **45D / 7**
and 20 cm of twine.

Note:

- (i) In all Map Work, by a wise use of arrows to indicate positions of countries, cities and other insertions that you make. You will be able to avoid overcrowding parts of the map.
- (ii) The extract of Survey of India Map Sheet No. 45D/7 must not be taken out of the examination hall. It must be handed over to the Supervising Examiner on the completion of the Paper.
- (iii) The Map given at the end of this question paper must be fastened with your answer booklet.
- (iv) All sub-sections of each question must be answered in the correct order.
- (v) All working including rough work should be done on the same answer sheet as the rest of the answer.

PART – I Section – A

(Compulsory Attempt all questions)

Question: 1

A. Tick the correct answer.

[10]

- 1. Fossils are found in _____ rocks.
 - a. Sedimentary b. Igneous c. Metamorphic d. All of these
- 2. Most of the minerals of India are found in the
 - a. Aravallis b. Himalayas c. Chotanagpur d. None of these
- 3. Which Of the following Lake founding Europe.
 - a. Otava b. Ladogo c. Titicaca d. Erie
- 4. The highest peak of Europe.
 - a. Mt. Blanc b. Alps c. Urals d. Et. Elbrus
- 5. River Nile originates in
 - a. Victoria b. Albert c. Rudolf d. Tanganyika
- 6. The northern part of Africa is a
 - a. A mountain b. A plateau c. Lowland d. Desert

7. The capital of Australia is
 - a. Melbourne
 - b. Sydney
 - c. Canberra
 - d. Brisbane
8. Captain James cook landed at Botany Bay in
 - a. 1788
 - b. 1642
 - c. 1960
 - d. 1840
9. Antarctica treaty was signed in
 - a. 1958
 - b. 1959
 - c. 1960
 - d. 1961
10. Large floating and drifting blocks of ice in the ocean called _____
 - a. Iceberg
 - b. Ice sheet
 - c. Snow
 - d. Mist

Question: 2

Match the following:

[10]

- | A | B |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. Unification of Germany | Industrial Purpose |
| 2. Europe is separated from Africa by the strait of | Arabian Sea |
| 3. Mumbai high is located in | 1990 |
| 4. Bituminous coal is used for | Gibraltar |
| 5. Ghana | Mt. Kosciuszko |
| 6. Kenya | Hobart |
| 7. The capital of Tasmania | Highest point |
| 8. The highest peak of the Eastern highland is | Vegetation |
| 9. Vinson Massif | Accra |
| 10. Mosses and Lichens | Nairobi |

Question: 3

On the outline map of India mark the following:

[10]

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| a. Bhakra Nangal Dam | f. Rihand |
| b. Hirakud | g. Nagarjun Sagar project |
| c. Narmada Valley | h. Arabian Sea |
| d. Kosi project | i. Bay of Bengal |
| e. Daamodar | J. Indian Ocean |

PART – II Section – B (Attempt any five question from this section)

Question: 3

1. Differentiate between Renewable and non-renewable. [3]
2. Solar energy and wind energy. [2]
3. State any 3 uses of biogas. [2]
4. What is the signification Bhakra Nangal Project? [3]

Question: 4

1. S the Location and extent of Europe. [3]
2. Name the physical divisions of Europe. [3]
3. Give reasons for the following:-
 - a. Europe is known as a dynamic continent. [2]
 - b. Europe is called the peninsula of peninsulas. [2]

Question: 5

On the outline of Europe mark the following:-

1. Shade and label urals, Alpss, Pyrenees, Caucasus and Balkan mountains. Mark and name Rhine, Rhone, Danube. Po, Volga.

Question: 6

1. Explain the following: [8]
 - a. Isthmus
 - b. Strait
 - c. Block mountains
 - d. Rift valley
2. State the physiographic divisions of Africa. [2]

Question: 7

1. On the outline map of Africa mark and name the following: [4]
 - a. Mediterranean Sea
 - b. Red Sea
 - c. Indian Ocean
 - d. Atlantic Ocean
2. Mark and name Sahara desert and Kalahari Desert. [2]
 - a. Lake , Rudolf, Tana [2]
 - b. Mountain a. Atlas b. Kilimanjaro

Question: 8

1. State the importance of Murray Daring basin. From where does it get its water supply? [3]
2. Name the political division of Australia. [3]
3. Name the factors that may cause damage to coral reefs. [2]
4. How is coral reef formed? [2]

Question: 9

On the outline map of Australia mark the following:

1. Latitude and longitude of Australia. [2]
2. The Gibson Desert, the Great Victoria Desserts. [2]
3. River Murray, Darling, Murrumbidgee. [4]
4. Mt. Kosciuszko Blue Mountains. [2]

Question: 10

1. Why Antarctica is called while continent? [2]
2. Describe the climatic conditions of Antarctica. [3]
3. Why is the climate of Antarctica not suitable for vegetation and cultivation? [3]
4. Why is Antarctica uninhabitable for human beings? [2]

Question: 11

On the outline map of Antarctica mark the following:-

- a. Ross Sea
- b. Winsonmassif
- c. Antarctic Circle
- d. South Pole
- e. Weddle Sea
- f. Ross Ice Shelf
- g. Trans Atlantic Mountains
- h. Mt. Erebus
- i. Dakshin Gangotri
- j. Vostok Station

SANDUR GIRLS RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL, VYASANKERE
ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2019-20

Class:- VII Std
Subject:- English I

Time:- 2 Hrs
Marks:- 80 M

General Instructions:-

- Answer to this Paper must be written on the paper provided separately.
- You will not be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes.
- This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.
- The time given at the head of this paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.
- The intended marks for questions or parts of questions are given in brackets [].

Question 1:-

- a. Your school is hosting an Inter-School Music competition. Write out a notice to be put up in your school informing students about the events and inviting to participate in the Inter-School Music Competition. [5]
- b. Write an e-mail to the Principal of a neighbouring school requesting him/her to send a team to participate in the event. [5]

Question 2:- [10]

- a. You have behaved very rudely to a friend. Write a letter to him/her apologizing for the rude behaviour. Explain what happened and tell him/her what you plan to make amends.

OR

- b. Write a letter to the manager of a local mill seeking his permission to visit the mill.

Question 3:-

- a. Write a composition on any ONE of the following:- [10]
- i. The book can never be replaced by a computer.
 - ii. The pleasures of gardening.
 - iii. My school.

Question 4: Read the story and answer the questions that follow:- [10]

It was rainy season. The village had received good rainfall. The brook across the village was filled with water. There was new grass everywhere. People in the village were happy. They were celebrating the rains by offering the Deities with feast and festive. But a colony of ants was engrossed in sorrow.

Due to the heavy rains, the anthill in which the colony of ants reside was about to drown completely. All the ants were in danger of being drowned. They had to vacate their anthill and search for some other dry place. The ants began their march. Alas, the ants got stuck at the banks of the brook. They did not know how to cross. Water was running from bank to bank.

Ramu had been watching the colony of ants for quite sometime. He understood that the ants were in the process of searching for a new home. He took some leaves and pinned them together, making a long strand out of them. He then laid the strand across the brook. The strand touched both the banks and looked like a bridge. He helped the ants cross the brook. The ants crossed the brook happily and went on to search their new home.

1. What season was it?
2. The _____ across the village was filled with water.
3. Give the possible meaning of brook from the words below: a) a small stream b) mountain c) sea
4. How were the people in the village celebrating the rains?
5. What were the colony of ants engrossed in?
6. What danger were the ants in?
7. The ants had to vacate their _____.
8. Where did the ants get stuck?
9. Who was watching the colony of ants?

10. Ramu took some leaves and _____ , _____.
11. What did the strand of leaves look like?
12. Find a word in the passage (para 2) which means 'empty'?
13. Give the opposite of the word: happy x _____.
14. What can the title of the story be: The _____ - hearted boy. a) dull b) stone c) kind
15. After crossing the brook happily, the ants went on to search their _____.

Question 5: Pick out and write the adjectives in the following sentences:- [4]

1. The mango is a delicious fruit.
2. Is the road clean or dirty?
3. There are thirty boys in the class.
4. Rama made several mistakes.

Question 6: Do as directed:-

1. Take _____ books and put them on the shelf over there. [Use a demonstrative adjective]
2. Here is (we) _____ teacher.
3. Cheetahs are the (fast) _____ animals we can find. [Use the superlative form of the adjective]
4. i. We have a Korean exchange student. [Make the sentence in past perfect]
ii. The boy's name is Brian. [Use simple future tense]
5. I can do this sum. [Pick out a verb and write]
6. I (to know) _____ him long ago. [Use correct form of the verb]
7. The fire burnt the house. [Write whether the underlined word is transitive or intransitive]
8. I heard him _____ down the stairs. a) go b) going c) to go
9. I want (see) _____ the manager. [Use a infinitive verb]
10. (Swim) _____ is fun. [Use a gerund]
11. They _____ (like/play) cricket. [Use both the words in the correct form]
12. She watched him _____ (walk) away. [Use the present participle form of the verb]
13. She was _____ (appoint) by the principal. [Use the past participle form of the verb]
14. How did she speak? (clear) [Answer the question using the word in the bracket as an adverb]

Question 7: The words should be place properly to make meaningful sentences:- [4]

- a. playing / the kids / are / outside
- b. the kitchen / downstairs / is
- c. ? / there / a post office / nearly / is
- d. regularly / students / study / must

Question 8: Fill in the blanks with suitable articles (A or an or the):- [4]

- a. Here is _____ orange. _____ orange is sweet.
- b. He is _____ Indian, but his wife is _____ European.
- c. _____ Africans defeated _____ Srilankans.
- d. _____ earth revolves round _____ Sun.

Question 9: What noises do the following animals make:- [4]

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| a. Lions _____ | e. Bees _____ |
| b. Cocks _____ | f. Snakes _____ |
| c. Frogs _____ | g. Crows _____ |
| d. Ducks _____ | h. Sheep _____ |

Question 10: Give the comparative and superlative degrees of the adjectives:- [4]

	Comparative	Superlative
1. Deep	_____	_____
2. Lazy	_____	_____
3. Thick	_____	_____
4. Dangerous	_____	_____

SECTION-A(COMPULSORY)

I. Select the correct option:

[10]

- 1) . When the object is heated its temperature
a) does not change b) decreases c) increases d) first increases and then decreases
- 2) conduction is not possible in
a) iron b) water c) vacuum d) aluminum
- 3) Voice of which of the following is likely to have a minimum frequency?
a) A baby boy b) A baby girl c) A man d) All have equal frequencies
- 4) A long cylindrical coil of insulated copper wire is called
a) electromagnet b) electric bell c) solenoid d) transformer
- 5) A solar cell converts
a) electrical to chemical energy c) mechanical to electrical energy
b) sunlight to electrical energy d) solar energy to magnetic energy
- 6) . In which of the following materials is the speed of sound maximum?
a) Air b) Iron c) Fresh water d) Milk
- 7) Which of the following physical quantities is measured in angstrom unit ?
a) Amplitude b) Time period c) Frequency d) Wavelength
- 8) Bats are able to respond to
a) Infrasonic vibrations b) Ultrasonic vibrations c) neither a) nor b) d) both a) and b)
- 9) The fastest mode of heat transfer is
a) Conduction b) Convection c) Radiation d) ventilation
- 10) The value of one calorie is nearly equal to
a) 1.4 J b) 2.4 J c) 4.2 J d) 4.2 KJ

II. Fill in the blanks

[10]

- 1) Sound can not travel in _____
- 2) Metals are _____ conductors of heat
- 3) An electric circuit must be made up of _____
- 4) The _____ is the most important and natural source of heat.
- 5) The loudness of a sound depends on the _____ of vibrations.
- 6) Sound travels _____ in steel than in water.
- 7) _____ expand much more than _____ and _____
- 8) When ,most of the solids, liquids and gases are cooled, they _____
- 9) Dark objects are better _____ of heat by radiation than _____ objects.
- 10) A coil wound over a soft iron piece is usually called _____

III. State if the following statements are True or False. Correct the false statement.

[10]

- 1) All the liquids and gases are good conductors of heat.
- 2) Sound travels faster in liquids than in air.
- 3) Like poles of a magnet repel each other.
- 4) The energy received from the sun is called radiant heat.
- 5) In a cell, electrons move from positive terminal to the negative terminal.
- 6) Heat does not cause expansion.
- 7) 20°C is equal to 300K.
- 8) Reflected sound is called the pitch.
- 9) The range of audible frequencies to man is 20 Hz to 20000 Hz.

10) Heat and temperature are similar.

IV. Match the following

[5]

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| 1) Vibrations | a) A stringed instrument |
| 2) Piano | b) A wind instrument |
| 3) Trumpet | c) One complete to-and-fro motion of a body |
| 4) Oscillation | d) Unit of loudness |
| 5) Decibel | e) produce sound |

V. Pick the odd one out.

[5]

- 1) Sitar, piano, guitar, harmonium
- 2) Flute, trombone, saxophone, table.
- 3) Gong, clapper, galvanometer, armature
- 4) Volt, ampere, watt, cell
- 5) Iron, aluminum, asbestos, copper

SECTION-B

I. Answer the following in one word/statement:

- 1) At what temperature, both the Celsius and Fahrenheit scale are equal? [1]
- 2) When does the transfer of heat cease? . [1]
- 3) How can the speed of sound be determined by the method of echo? [1]
- 4) Name a substance which can attract iron, nickel and cobalt. [1]

II. Answer the following in Short: [Any 5]

- 1) What is the principle of an electric bell? [2]
- 2) The speed of supersonic jet is MACH 1.5. What do you understand by it ? [2]
- 3) Electrical appliances should not be operated with wet hands. Give reasons. [2]
- 4) Give reason why a large number of trees planted around an airport [2]
- 5) State the role of vacuum in a thermos flask. [2]
- 6) Why do you feel warm when you sit near a bonfire. [2]
- 7) Why flammable substances catch fire easily? [2]
- 8) What are the two fixed points normally used to calibrate a thermometer? [2]

III. Define the following [Any 4]

- 1) Heat 2) Insulators 3) Frequency 4) Sonar 5) Electric current 6) Thermometer [8]

IV. Answer the following in detail.[Any 2]

- 1) What is an electromagnet? State any three uses of electromagnets. [3]
- 2) What is an echo? When is an echo heard? [3]
- 3) What are sea breezes? How are they caused? [3]
- 4) Explain the various effects of heat. [3]

V. Differentiate the following: [Any 3]

[6]

- 1) Mercury and Alcohol thermometers 2)Conduction and Radiation 3) Music and Noise 4) Open and Closed circuit 5) Primary cells and secondary cells

VI. Solve the numericals. [Any 2]

[6]

- 1) Convert i) Boiling point of water on Fahrenheit scale ii) 77⁰F on Celsius scale
- 2) A girl stands at a distance of 240 m away from a wall. She shoots a rifle and hears an echo after 1.2 s. Calculate the velocity of sound.
- 3) A ship on the surface of water sends a signal and receives it back after 4 s from a submarine inside the water. Calculate the distance of the submarine from the ship. The speed of sound in water is 1450 ms⁻¹.

SECTION – A [Attempt all the questions]

- I. Fill in the blanks: [10]
1. Skin prick test is also known as _____
 2. A type of white blood cells release an inflammatory chemical called _____
 3. _____ spores, dust particles and certain chemicals find entry through the nose.
 4. The substances that cause allergies are called _____
 5. A machine which filters & cleans the blood is called _____
 6. The nervous system is made up of special cells called _____ or _____.
 7. _____ is the lower part of the brain.
 8. Chemical coordination is brought about by chemical messengers called _____
 9. _____ pigments are formed in the liver.
 10. An inner lighter region of the kidney is called _____
- II. A. Match the following: [7]
- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Urea | i. Glucose in urine |
| 2. Kidney | ii. Nitrogenous waste |
| 3. Bile pigments | iii. Cup like structure |
| 4. Diabetes | iv. Liver |
| 5. Bowmans Capsule | v. Bean shaped |
| 6. Milk | vi. Itchy eye |
| 7. Sulphur | vii. Vomiting. |
- B. Draw a neat labeled diagram of neuron. [3]
- III. A. Tick the correct answer. [10]
1. In human beings urea is produced in
a. Liver b. Kidney c. Lungs
 2. Filtration of excretory wastes from the blood occurs in
a. Skin b. Nephrons c. Heart
 3. Besides water the urine mainly contains..
a. Urea b. Hemoglobin c. Glucose
 4. An outbreak of swollen, pale red bumps or patches on the skin.
a. Skin prick b. Hives c. Sniffing
 5. Body posture is maintained by
a. Legs b. Back bone c. Cerebellum
 6. Kidney is made up of tiny tubular units called.
a. Pelvis b. Neurons c. Nephrons
- B. Draw a neat labeled diagram of human excretory system. [4]
- IV. A. Write true or false. [5]
1. End of the axon terminates in the dendrites.
 2. Medulla is the seat of intelligence.
 3. Removal of solid undigested food is excretion.
 4. An allergy blood test is available through special laboratories.
 5. Excess sugar in blood is a symptom of diabetes.

- B. Name the following: [5]
1. Where in the urinary system does the following process take place?
 - a. Urine formation
 - b. Transport of urine away from kidney.
 - c. Temporary storage of urine.
 2. Name the blood vessel that brings blood to the kidney
 3. Spinal cord is an extension of
 - a. Head
 - b. Backbone
 - c. Medulla oblongata

SECTION – B [Attempt any 4 main questions]

- V. Answer the following: [10]
1. Write the 4 organs of the human urinary system in their correct sequence.
 2. What is meant by osmoregulation?
 3. What are the symptoms of urinary tract infection?
 4. How are kidney stones formed?
 5. What are the 2 ways in which a person can get relief in case of kidney failure?

- VI. Answer the following.
1. Name three main parts of the human brain.
 2. Write the missing word.
 - a. Memory : Cerebrum : : breathing : _____
 - b. Cerebellum: balance: : _____: reasoning.
 3. What is voluntary and involuntary action? Which part of the nervous system controls them?

- VII. Answer the following question: [10]
1. What are allergens? Name some of them.
 2. Name the inflammatory chemical released by the basophil causing the skin reaction.
 3. Explain how allergens enter the skin reaction.
 4. Name any three routes by which allergens normally enter our body.
 5. Which test is mostly favoured for testing allergy? Prick test or blood test? Why?

- VIII. Define the following; [10]
1. Nephrons
 2. Dialysis
 3. Excretion
 4. Allergy
 5. Excretory organs.

- IX. Answer the following:
1. Why is excretion necessary in living beings. [3]
 2. Briefly describe the structure of the cerebrum in the human brain and mention its function. [3]
 3. Describe 3 kinds of nerves giving an example of each. [4]
 4. Explain how allergens enter through the mouth. [4]

VII. Write down the balanced chemical equations for the following:-

[5]

1. Hydrogen plus oxygen produces water.
2. Hydrogen plus Nitrogen produces ammonia.
3. Hydrogen plus chlorine produces hydrogen chloride.
4. Carbon plus oxygen produces Carbon dioxide.
5. Aluminium plus Chlorine produces Aluminium Chloride.

VIII. Name the constituents of each of the following with composition:-

[5]

1. Tungsten steel
2. Duralumin
3. Alnico
4. Cresmen Silver
5. Type metal

IX. Balance the following chemical equations:-

[10]

1. $\text{Fe} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \longrightarrow \text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4 + \text{H}_2$
2. $\text{FeCl}_2 + \text{Cl}_2 \longrightarrow \text{FeCl}_3$
3. $\text{Zn} + \text{HCl} \longrightarrow \text{ZnCl}_2 + \text{H}_2$
4. $\text{Mg} + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \longrightarrow \text{MgSO}_4 + \text{H}_2$
5. $\text{Ca} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \longrightarrow \text{Ca(OH)}_2 + \text{H}_2$
6. $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 + \text{HCl} \longrightarrow \text{NaCl} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_2$
7. $\text{Mg} + \text{O}_2 \longrightarrow \text{MgO}$
8. $\text{ZnCO}_3 + \text{HNO}_3 \longrightarrow \text{Fe(NO}_3)_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$
9. $\text{BaCl}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 \longrightarrow \text{BaSO}_4 + \text{HCl}$
10. $\text{CuCO}_3 + \text{HNO}_3 \longrightarrow \text{Cu(NO}_3)_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{CO}_2$

Section – B**I. Answer the following questions:-**

[10]

1. The elements present in ammonia compound.
2. What does Co and CO denotes.
3. Name the sub atomic particles.
4. Name the polyatomic ion that carries a positive charge.
5. The valency of hydrogen in H_2O is 1. What is the valency of Magnesium in MgO .
6. What type of change is involved in the formation of curd from milk?
7. What does the symbol aq represent in a chemical reaction?
8. What is never changed in a formula to balance an equation?
9. Which metal do not corrode easily?
10. A metal which does not form an oxide.

II. Define the following term.

[20]

- a. Malleability
- b. Rusting
- c. Minerals
- d. Reactants
- e. Products
- f. Electronic configuration
- g. Shells
- h. Valency
- i. Atoms

III. Answer the following questions in details (ANY TWO).

[5x2=10]

1. a. Write two uses of iron sulphide and Sodium Chloride
b. How do you classify elements? Explain.
2. a. What is a radical? Give the names of three radicals.
b. An atom has 8 elements in its outermost shell. Explain its chemical behavior.
3. What is meant by chemical equations? Write the steps involved in writing the chemical equations
4. Demonstrate that moisture and oxygen in air is necessary for corrosion.

SANDUR GIRLS' RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL, VYASNAKERE
Annual Examination – 2019-20
CLASS: VII SUBJECT: Environmental Education MARK: 40

SECTION – A [Attempt all the questions]

- I. A. Fill in the blanks:- (2)
1. _____ can be how the animals look or behave.
 2. _____ is caused due to weather pattern.
 3. Global _____ will lead to the extinction of some species.
 4. Plants that have to sustain under extreme dry conditions are called as _____ .
- B. Answer the following questions:-
1. what causes environment changes? (3)
 2. What is adaption? or what are xerophytes? What is natural extinction? (2)
 3. Discuss any one adaptation in plants. Or How do animals survive in deserts
Or How do animals survive in extreme cold? Or How do plants and animals
survive in the cities? (3)
- II. A. Fill in the blanks:- (2)
1. Humans use all kinds of natural resources to improve their lives.
This is known as _____ .
 2. The only truly renewable resources are _____ , _____ and water.
 3. _____ interacts with nature through the technical means of production.
 4. The development of _____ brought with it even more drastic changes in
the natural environment.
- B. Answer the following:-
1. How has overpopulation affected land? Or Discuss how consumption has affected
the environment? (2)
 2. What relationship exists between human beings and earth? Or what benefits has
development brought? Or Give an example of how humans have modified the
environment to protect themselves? (3)
 3. What effects of harnessing of energy are observed? (3)
- III. A. Fill in the blanks:- (2)
1. Global environmental degradation is the result of _____ .
 2. _____ have sought to protect scenery and ecosystem.
 3. The term _____ had meant the conservation of land from its natural cover.
 4. Human structures include _____ and other aspects of natural environment.

B. Answer the following:-

1. What threefold threat does Earth face? Or which factors affect world land cover today? (1 ½)
2. What is the difference between -Land cover and land use or oil spills and chemical spills? (1 ½)
3. List the environmental changes caused by land use and land cover? Or How do humans contribute directly to the quality of water? Or which are the anthropogenic sources of nutrients in various sources of water? (4)
4. Define any one :- i. Turbidity ii. salinity iii. Toxicity (1)

IV. A. Fill in the blanks:- (2)

1. _____ crockery can be used and plastics can be discarded.
2. We must inculcate a positive attitude towards the correct use of our _____ .
3. Farmers can opt for using more of _____ in their fields instead of chemical fertilizers.
4. We should use _____ instead of ball pens.

B. Answer the following:-

1. What does environmental education aim at? Or In what ways can one show good neighbourly behavior? (3)
2. How can individuals help to save electricity? Or Give three ways in which a person can help in saving water? Or list three ways to reduce wastage of paper. (3)
3. What is meant by common property resources? (2)

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ 7. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಎರಡು/ ಮೂರು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

14

1. ಇಲಿಗಳ ಕಾಟ ತಪ್ಪಿಸಲು ಊರ ಗೌಡನು ಯಾವ ತೀರ್ಮಾನ ಕೈಗೊಂಡನು?
2. ತಾಯಿಯಾಗುವ ಸಂದರ್ಭದಲ್ಲಿ ಅತ್ತಿಮಬ್ಬೆಯ ಮಹಾಬಯಕೆ ಏನಾಗಿತ್ತು?
3. ರಥದ ಮುಂದೆ ಸಾಗಿದ ಕಲಾ ತಂಡಗಳು ಯಾವುವು?
4. ನರ್ಸ ರೋಗಿಯ ತಂದೆಗೆ ಏನು ಹೇಳಿದಳು?
5. ಬಾನಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಗಿದ ಆಮೆಗೆ ಯಾವ ಅನುಭವಗಳಾದವು?
6. ತರಕಾರಿಗಳ ಮೇಳದಿಂದ ಜನರಿಗಾದ ಪ್ರಯೋಜನಗಳೇನು?
7. ಭೀಮರಾಯನು ತನ್ನ ಸೇನಾನಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಮೆಚ್ಚುಗೆಯಿಂದ ಹೇಳಿದ ಮಾತುಗಳಾವುವು?

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ 8. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಒಂದು ಪದ್ಯವನ್ನು ಪೂರ್ಣಗೊಳಿಸಿ.

04

1. ಮರಗಳ ಕಡಿದು -----
----- ಅಥವಾ

-----ಹಸಿರಾಗಬೇಕು ಬದುಕು.
2. ಹಂಸವೆರಡು-----

-----ಎತ್ತಿಕೊಂಡವು.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ 9. ಈ ಮಾತುಗಳನ್ನು ಯಾರು ಹೇಳಿದರು? ಯಾರಿಗೆ ಹೇಳಿದರು?

08

1. “ನಿನ್ನ ಕೊಳಲು ಸಾಕು ಮಾಡೋ ಮಹಾರಾಯ!”
2. “ಹೌದು, ಅವಳ ಧೈರ್ಯ, ಸಾಹಸವನ್ನು ಮೆಚ್ಚಲೇಬೇಕು”
3. “ಇಲ್ಲಿಗೆ ಬರುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ನಿಮಗೆ ಇಷ್ಟೊತ್ತು ಬೇಕಾಯಿತೇ?”
4. “ಸಂಗೀತಕ್ಕೆ ನನ್ನ ಕೊಡುಗೆ ಅಪಾರ”

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ 10. ನಿಮ್ಮ ತರಗತಿಗೆ ಬೇಕಾದ ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳನ್ನು ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆ ಇನ್ನೂ ಪೂರೈಸಿಲ್ಲ. ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಅಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಒಂದು ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆದು ಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳನ್ನು ಬೇಗನೆ ಪೂರೈಸುವಂತೆ ವಿನಂತಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಿ.

04

ಅಥವಾ

ನಿಮ್ಮ ಚಿಕ್ಕಪ್ಪ ನಿಮ್ಮ ಹುಟ್ಟಿದ ಹಬ್ಬಕ್ಕೆ ಒಂದು ಕಾಣಿಕೆ ನೀಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅವರಿಗೆ ಧನ್ಯವಾದ ತಿಳಿಸುತ್ತಾ ಒಂದು ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ 11. ನೀವು ನೋಡಿದ ಒಂದು ಸುಂದರ ದೇವಾಲಯವನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ಒಂದು ನಿಬಂಧ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

05

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ 12. ಟಿಪ್ಪಣಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

02

1. ಆರೋಗ್ಯವೇ ಭಾಗ್ಯ

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ 13. ಕೆಳಗಿನವುಗಳನ್ನು ಬಿಡಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

02

1. ಹಂಸವೆರಡು 2. ಇರುಳುಗಣ್ಣು

-----00000-----

SECTION – A

QUESTION: 1

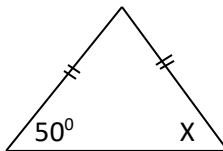
[10]

- a) $2.305 \div 1000 =$ _____.
- b) The reciprocal of $5\frac{2}{3}$ is _____.
- c) $a^0 =$ _____, $a^1 =$ _____.
- d) $3^0 \times 4^0 \times 5^0 =$ _____.
- e) Simplest form of $\frac{1}{6} : \frac{1}{9} =$ _____.
- f) Find 'x':- $x : 4 = 9 : 12$.
- g) If the cost of 6 bags are Rs.90. Then the cost of one bag is _____.
- h) $72 \text{ km/hr} =$ _____ m/sec.
- i) $28\% =$ _____ in decimal.
- j) 10% of Rs.250 is _____.

QUESTION: 2

[10]

- a) Cost price = Rs.760, Selling price Rs.874, Profit / loss =Rs._____.
- b) In $-7xy^2z^3$, the coefficient of xyz is _____.
- c) Subtract $-5y^2$ from y^2 .
- d) If $m = 2$, find the value of $(3m - 5)$
- e) If all the sides of a triangle are unequal, it is called a _____ triangle.
- f) An exterior angle + adjacent interior angle = _____.
- g) In a Triangle, the angle opposite to equal sides are _____.
- h) Find the value of 'x' is the figure:



- i) A triangle has at least _____ acute angle.
- j) Two plane figure are called _____ if and only if they have exactly the same shape and the same size.

QUESTION: 3

[2+2+2+2+2]

- a) Construct a triangle ABC, given that $AB = 5\text{cm}$, $BC = 6\text{cm}$, $AC = 7\text{cm}$.
- b) An equilateral triangle has _____ line of symmetry and order _____ rotational symmetry.
- c) Find the perimeter of a rectangle whose length is 9m and breadth is 4m.
- d) Find the area of the circle whose radius is 14cm.
- e) Find the mean of the following data:- $32,41,28,54,35,26,23,33,38,40$.

QUESTION: 4

[10]

- a) A die is tossed once. Find the probability of getting a number greater than 2.
- b) Fill the missing number: $\frac{5}{-} = \frac{30}{18}$.
- c) Evaluate: $4.8 \div 3$.
- d) The value of $2^{-3} =$ _____.
- e) In ratio, First term is called _____ and second term is called _____.
- f) Express 15 as a percentage of 50.
- g) 3470 grams = _____ kg.
- h) If the replacement set is $\{-5,-3,-10,1,3,4\}$. Find the solution set of $x < -2$.
- i) In every triangle, the sum of interior angle of a triangle = _____ right angle.
- j) The length of the whole boundary of a circle is called the _____ of the circle.

Section – B

QUESTION: 5

[3+3+3+1]

- a) Evaluate:- (i) $8\frac{1}{2} - 3\frac{5}{8}$ (ii) $\frac{5}{8} \times 9\frac{1}{3}$
- b) Find the value of:- (i) $\frac{1}{3}$ of Rs.81, (ii) $3\frac{1}{5} \div 1\frac{2}{3}$.
- c) Convert into simplest fraction:- (i) 63.125 (ii) 3.025.
- d) Convert into decimals:- $\frac{3}{5}$

QUESTION: 6

$[2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2}]$

- a) Work out:- $8.2 - 4.56 - 0.7912 + 2.67$
- b) Simplify:- $2\frac{1}{2} + 3\frac{3}{4} + 4\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{4}$
- c) Simplify:- $2.3 - [1.89 - \{3.6 - (2.7 - 0.8 - 0.03)\}]$.
- d) Simplify:- (i) $4^2 \times 3^2 \times (-1)^{122}$ (ii) $(-1)^9$

QUESTION: 7

[3+2+2+3]

- a) Simplify and express in exponential form: (i) $\frac{2^3 \times 3^4 \times 4}{3 \times 32}$ (ii) $\frac{a^3 \times a^5}{(a^3)^2}$
- b) Write in standard form (or scientific notation):- 3,18,65,00,000.
- c) Write in decimal notation:- 9.083×10^{11}
- d) Find the given value into exponential form:- $(5^{30} \times 5^{20}) \div (5^{59})$

-3-

QUESTION: 8

$[3+2+2+1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2}]$

- a) Express the ratio into simplest form:- (i) $\frac{1}{5} : \frac{1}{10} : \frac{1}{15}$ (ii) 25 minutes : $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours.
- b) If $A : B = 3 : 4$ and $B : C = 8 : 9$, then find $A : C$.
- c) Find 'x':- $x : 4 = 9 : 12$.
- d) If cost of 10 pencils are Rs.15. Find the cost of 15 such pencils.
- e) Convert m/sec into km/hr:- 15m/sec.

QUESTION: 9

$[2 + 1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2} + 2 + 2 + 1]$

- a) Convert into percentage:- (i) 5 : 4 (ii) $\frac{2}{5}$

- b) Find the value of 75% of Rs. 12.
- c) Vasundhara ate 3 ice cream cups out of 20 kept in the fridge. What percent did she eat?
- d) Find the number which when increased by 30% becomes 39.
- e) Find the simple interest on Rs.700 for 2 years at 11% per annum.
- f) Convert 122% into decimal.

QUESTION: 10

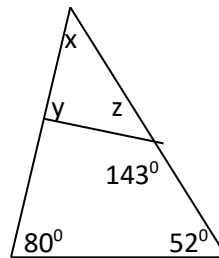
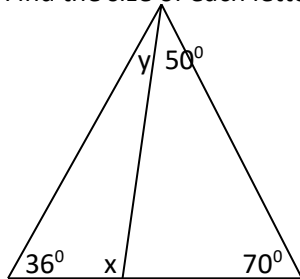
[2+2+2+2+2]

- a) Simplify:- $5x^4 - 7x^2 + 8x - 1 + 3x^3 - 9x^2 + 7 - 3x^4 + 11x - 2 + 8x^2$.
- b) If $p = -10$, find the value of $p^2 - 2p - 100$.
- c) Find the number of line segments required to form 10 shapes in $(5n+1)$.
- d) Solve: $2(x - \frac{3}{2}) = 11$.
- e) Find three consecutive odd natural number whose sum is 87.

QUESTION: 11

[4+2+2+2]

- a) Find the size of each lettered angle:-



- b) In triangle PQR, angle p is right angle. If $PQ = 10\text{cm}$ and $PR = 24\text{cm}$, find QR.
- c) In Triangle DEF, $\angle D = 60^\circ, \angle F = 80^\circ, DF = 5\text{cm}$. In Triangle PQR, $\angle Q = 60^\circ, \angle R = 80^\circ, QR = 5\text{cm}$. Examine whether the two triangle are congruent or not.
- d) Perimeter of a rectangle is 150m. Its breadth is 32m, find its length.

QUESTION: 12

[3+2+2+3]

- a) Construct a triangle PQR given that $PQ = 6\text{cm}, \angle P = 45^\circ$ and $\angle Q = 60^\circ$.
- b) Find area of a triangle whose base is 6.4cm and height is 6cm.
- c) Find the length of the diameter of a circle whose circumference is 44cm.
- d) Find the mean, median and mode of this data:- 6,15,120,50,100,80,15,8,10,15.

Class:- VII Std
2 Hrs
Subject:-HINDI

Time:-

Marks:-80 M

खंड - क (40)

I. दिए गये गद्य को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए I 5

ऊटी निलगिरी की सुन्दर पहाड़ियों में बसा एक बहुत ही खूबसूरत शहर है I ऊटी का पूरा नाम है -उदकमंडलम I कर्नाटक और तमिलनाडु की सीमा पर बसा यह शहर मुख्य रूप से पर्वतीय स्थल है I कहा जाता है कि इस स्थान का नाम यहाँ की घटियों में बारह वर्ष में एक बार खिलने वाले ' कुरंजी ' फूल के कारण पड़ा है I ये फूल नीले रंग के होते हैं और जब ये फूल खिलते हैं तो घाटियों को नीले रंग में रंग देते हैं I ऊटी का मौसम पूरे वर्ष खुशनुमा रहता है I ऊटी बोटानिकल गार्डन , डोडाबेट्टो उद्यान , ऊटी झील , कलहट्टी झरने और पलावर शो आदि के कारण विश्वभर में प्रसिद्ध हैं I

1. ऊटी कैसी जगह है ?
2. ऊटी का पूरा नाम क्या है ?
3. ऊटी कहाँ स्थित है ?
4. यहाँ की घाटियाँ नीले रंग में कब रंगते हैं ?
5. ऊटी में दर्शनीय स्थान कौन से हैं और यहाँ का मौसम कैसा है ?

II. दिए गये पद्य को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए I 5

आया वसंत आया वसंत
छाई जग में शोभा अनंत
सरसों खेतों में उठी फूल
भौरे आमों में उठी झूल
बेलों में फूले नये फूल
पल में पतझड़ का हुआ अंत I

1. वसंत आते ही जग कैसा हो जाता है?
2. खेतों में कौन खिल उठता है ?
3. बौरे कहाँ झूलते हैं ?
4. बेलों की शोभा कैसी होती है ?
5. पतझड़ का अंत कैसे होता है ?

III.A. लिंग बदलिए I 2X1=2

1. पुरुष-
2. धोबी

B. उलटा अर्थ वाला शब्द लिखिए I 2X1=2

1. सत्य_x
2. विजय_x

C.- वचन बदलिए I 4X1=4

1. किताब
2. सहेली
3. केला
4. रात

D. सामान अर्थ शब्द लिखिए I 4X1=4

1. पर्वत 2. फूल 3. धरती 4. असमान

E. इन शब्दों को अपने वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिये I 4X1=4

1. बूढ़ा 2. छुट्टी 3. एकता 4. समझदार

F. वर्तनी सुधार कर लिखिए I 4X1=4

1. सम्राट 3. सेनापति
2. भूमी 4. अच्छा

G. इन खाली जगह में उचित कारक लिखिए I 4X1=4

(का , के , की , पर , से)

1. यह राजू ----- बहन है I
2. वह बिल्ली डिब्बे ----- है I
3. शामू ----- खिलौना टूट गया है I
4. कोयल पेड़ ----- बैठी हैं I

H. सही जोड़े बनाकर लिखिए I 4X1=4

1. बूँद बूँद के मिलने से - और बाते प्यारी
2. पैसा -पैसा जोड़ो तो - बन जाता है साल
3. मिनट-मिनट ही मिलकर - बन जाओगे धनवान
4. अच्छे अच्छे काम करो - बन जाता है सागर

I. सही एकल शब्द चुनकर लिखिए I 4X1=4

(बहेलिया , दर्जी , किसान, ग्वाल)

1. कपड़े सीने वाला 3. गाय चराने वाला
2. चिडिया पकड़ने वाला 4. खेती करने वाला

J. गिनती लिखिए I (1 से 20) 4

खंड - ख (40)

IV. इन खाली जगह में उचित शब्द लिखिए I 6X1=6

(लाल, सूझ-बूझ , संकट, रेलगाडी, बहादुर , समझदार)

1. राजू बड़ा ----- और ----- बच्चा था ।
2. उसे दूर से आती हुई _____ दिखाई दी ।
3. वह अपनी ---- कमीज को लहराने लगा ।
4. एक बच्चे की ----- से यात्रियों की जान ----- मे आने से बच गई ।

V. इन प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये I 6X1=6

1. कुमार मैसूर कब गया था ?
2. कवि तारो के समान क्या करना चाहते है ?
3. घर आते हुए राजू ने खेत मे क्या देखा ?
4. समझदार राजू से हमे क्या सीख मिलती है ?

5.सिकंदर को किस पर विजय पाना कठिन था ?

6.भारत की एकता कैसी है ?

VI . इन प्रश्नों के उत्तर दो या तीन वाक्यों में दीजिये I 6x2=12

1. ब्रिटिया क्या खाकर आयी ? उसके आखों में क्या छलक रहा था ?

2.कबूतरो को धरती पर क्या दिखायी पडा ? वे किसमे फस गये ?

3.पुरुराज ने सिकंदर की मैत्री संधि को क्यो अस्वीकार किया ?

4.चूहे ने कबूतरो की मदद किस प्रकार की ?

5.कबूतर रात भर कहाँ आराम करते थे ? जाल किसने बिछाया था ?

6. भारत वीर किसका अभिवादन करता है ? वीर कौन है ?

VII. 'प्रिय पक्षी' विषय पर अनुच्छेद लिखिए I

5

OR अथवा

'मेरा भारत महान' विषय पर अनुच्छेद लिखिए I

VIII.अपने कक्षा अध्यापिका के नाम भाई की शादी में जाने की तीन दिन की छुट्टी की अनुमति माँगते हुए एक पत्र लिखिए I

5

OR

अपने प्रिय सहेली के नाम छुट्टी मे मैसूर जाने की सलाह देते हुए एक पत्र लिखिए I

SANDUR GIRLS RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL, VYASANKERE
ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2019-20

Class:- VII Std
Subject:- English II

Time:- 2 Hrs
Marks:- 80 M

General Instructions:-

- You have to attempt two from section A, B and C each and any two from all the sections. A total of eight answers. Don't copy questions but write the answers neatly.

SECTION – A (Prose)

I. Refer to the context :-

[2+2+2+2+2]

“I shall have to manage this affair very carefully.”

1. Name the lesson and its author. Who says these words and to whom?
2. What was the ‘affair’ that had to be managed carefully?
3. What did the speaker plan to do in order to ‘manage this affair carefully’?
4. Use the following word in sentences of your own? a. mourning b. darted
5. Fill in the blanks:-
 - a. When we have put on our clothes we are – D _____ (7)
 - b. Not telling lies – T _____ (5)

II. Refer to the context :-

[2+2+2+2+2]

“You are not strong, and you need a good rest.”

1. Who says these words to whom? In what respects were the two girls different from each other?
2. Why did the person being spoken to need a ‘good rest’?
3. What had this person been planning to do during the holidays?
4. Fill in the blanks using the present continuous or the simple present tense.
 - a. She _____ (want) you to know that she _____ (remember) your birthday and will write to you a letter.
 - b. Samuel _____ that he was wrong. He _____ (hope) you will forgive him.
5. Give one word for the following:-
 - a. To get away from; to get free – C _____ (6)
 - b. Shut – C _____ (5)

III. Refer to the context :-

[2+2+2+2+2]

“And then, all of a sudden he broke out in a great flame of anger.....”

1. Name the lesson and its author. Who is angry?
2. Who is he angry with?
3. Does he have any reason to be angry? How does the maid describe his behaviour?
4. Use the following words and expressions in sentences of your own:-
 - a. Without doubt
 - b. Drawing near
5. Give one word for:-
 - a. Broken into pieces
 - b. A person's height

IV. Refer to the context :-

[2+2+2+2+2]

“Ah! She said, ‘he is in trouble! What has he done?’”

1. What did the woman wish to express by the use of ‘Ah!’? What do we learn about the old woman who works for Mr. Hyde?
2. Who is she talking about and what is her relationship to him?
3. How does the inspector react to the woman?
4. What do you think is meant by the following proverb?
As you make your bed so must you lie in it
5. Add ‘-ly’ or ‘ous’ to the following words:-
 - a. necessary
 - b. mystery
 - c. glory
 - d. temporary

SECTION – B (Poetry)

V. Refer to the context :-

[2+2+2+2+2]

“No comfortable feel in any member-”

1. In what way is the title of the poem a good one? Name the poem and the poet.
2. What is meant by ‘t’ other side the way?
3. For what kind of poetry is the poet remember today. Give your opinion.
4. Give four words that end with..... light:- eg:- Moonlight
5. Make sentences with the words given:- a. again b. a gain

VI. Refer to the context :-

[2+2+2+2+2]

“But only a host of phantom listeners

That dwelt in the lone house then

Stood listening in the quiet of the moonlight

To that voice from the world of men.....”

1. Name the poem and the poet. What could ‘phantom listeners’ refer to?
2. How does the poet make the listeners seem like real people?
3. Who is being referred to as ‘that voice from the world of men’?
4. Think of suitable compound epithets to describe the following:-
 - a. a city
 - b. a sailor
5. Add suffixes and make new words:-
 - a. hope
 - c. damage
 - b. space
 - d. spite

VII. Refer to the context :-

[2+2+2+2+2]

“And if you’ve both.....”

1. Name the poem and the poet. What are the words the poet wants to bring to our attention? .
2. What does the ‘both’ refer to?
3. What should you do if you have both?
4. Add –ed to the following:-
 - a. permit
 - c. dial
 - b. defer
 - d. distil
5. Underline the words that show it is alliteration:-
 - a. Her mother made marmalade from old oranges.
 - b. Peter Piper posted the parcel on Friday.

VIII. Refer to the context :-

[2+2+2+2+2]

“Somehow they travel hand and glove.”

1. What does this mean? What information does he give us about the words? Mention atleast three points found in the first verse.
2. What travels in this way? What message does the poet have for those who have both home and love?
3. What argument does the poet give in the second verse, to show that love is no use without home and home is no use without love?
4. Complete the following:-
 - a. Bed and _____
 - b. Love and _____
 - c. As fit as a _____
 - d. As green as _____
5. Complete the sentences:-
 - a. When he was leaving home _____.
 - b. _____ when I was completing the exercise.

SECTION – C (Drama)

IX. Refer to the context :-

[2+2+2+2+2]

“What dost thou with thy best apparel on?”

1. Name the drama and the dramatist. Who asks this question?
2. To whom is the question addressed?
3. Why does the speaker ask the question?
4. Match the following:-

A		B
a. intermit	-	take
b. vulgar	-	villian
c. knave	-	commoners
d. cull	-	stop

5. Write two sentence to show their right meanings:- bow / bough.

X. Refer to the context :-

[2+2+2+2+2]

“A trade sir, that, I hope, I may use with a safe conscience, which is indeed, sir, a mender of bad soles.”

1. Who spoke these words to whom and when? (situation)
2. Who is the ‘sir’ that the speaker addresses?
3. What is the play on words that the speaker makes?
4. Match the following:-

A		B
a. Flavius & Marullus	-	Ex-Ruler
b. Pompey	-	Loyal friend
c. Julius Caesar	-	a great Roman General
d. Mark Anthony	-	senators

5. Add apostrophes to the following:-
 - a. mothers garden
 - b. girls school
 - c. a dogs bones
 - d. mens shoes

XI. Refer to the context :-

[2+2+2+2+2]

“What conquests brings him home?”

1. Who says these words and to whom?
2. Where is ‘home’?
3. What were the conquests that this person made?
4. Match the following:-

A		B
a. Dost	-	No
b. Thou	-	are
c. Art	-	You
d. Nay	-	Does

5. Write 4 small words from ‘Carpenter’?

SANDUR GIRLS RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL, VYASANKERE

ANNUAL EXAMINATION 2019-20

Class:- VII Std
Subject:-History/civics

Time:- 2Hrs
Marks:80

Section: A [Marks 30] (Compulsory Attempt all question)

I. Fill in the blanks:-

5

A.

1. Directive principles are given in the part ----- of the constitution of India.
2. The idea of the directive principles are borrowed from -----.
3. Directive principles of state policy are ----- for government .
4. The state shall ensure equal pay for equal work is one of the directive principle related to -----
5. Uniform system of civil and criminal laws in the country is a directive principle under the -----

B. Match the following :-

5

A

B

- | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Directive principles | a) free and compulsory education |
| 2. The aim of directive | b) deal with directive principles |
| 3. Judiciary | c) welfare state |
| 4. Sixteen articles | d) are non justifiable |
| 5. Children upto age 14 | e) should be separate from executive |

II. A) Fill in the blanks:-

10

1. Babur fought the first battle of Panipat against _____
2. _____ is the guardian of Akbar.
3. _____ a symbol of love , shows a variety of cultural influences.
4. The sufi saints were organized into various orders or _____
5. The vijayanagar kingdom was founded in the year _____
6. The treaty of purandhar was signed between mughals and _____
7. The bhakti and sufi movements brought about _____ among Hindus and Muslims.
8. Aurangzeb reimposed jazia and _____ tax.
9. The battle of _____ was fought in CE 1565.
10. Babur's eldest son assumed the title Humayun which means _____

B) Match the following:- 5m

A

B

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Khwaja Moinuddin chisti's durga | a) I battle of Panipat |
| 2. Vijayanagar empire | b) Talwandi |
| 3. 1526 | c) Religious faith started by Akbar |
| 4. Din- i-Ilahi | d) Founded by Harihara and Bukkaraya |
| 5. Guru nanak birth place | e) Ajmer. |

C) Write true or false :-

5

1. Golgumbaj of Bijapur was built by Muhammad Adilshah II -----
2. Raja Todarmal was the revenue minister of Akbar _____
3. Aurangzeb had friendly relation with Rajputs and Marathas -----
4. Early sufi's came from central Asia -----
5. Shankaraacharya advocated the doctrine of advaitism -----

Section – B(Attempt any two questions from this section)

Question -1

1. What is the difference between the fundamental rights and the directive principles of the state policy? 3
2. How do the directive principles of state policy seek to promote Internationalism? 2
3. Which directive principles relate to the establishment of a socialist society? 2
4. Why are directive principles important ? 3

Question -2

1. What are directive principles ? 2
2. Why directive principles not be ignored by a government? 3
3. Write any three directive principles? 3
4. Which directive principles concerned the scheduled casts and scheduled tribe? 2

Question -3

1. Write short notes on:-
 - a) Principles related to economic equality. 5
 - b) Principles related to social equality and educational uplift. 5

Section –C [Answer the any three question]

Question -4

1. What was the contribution of the Vijayanagar in the development of art and architecture? 2
2. The Golgumbaz is called an architectural wonder give reason . 2
3. Discuss the reasons for the conflict between the Bahamani and vijayanagar empire? 3
4. Why did the Bahamani Kingdom disintegrate and what was the consequence? 3

Question -5

1. Why is sher shah Known as a good administrator ? 3
2. Why was the first battle of Panipat fought ? what was the result ? 3
3. What difficulties did Humayun face in the beginning of his rule? 2
4. Farid khan came to be known as sher khan give reason. 2

Question -6

1. Akbar is referred to as Akbar the great explain? 3
2. How did Akbar Improved the collection of revenue? 2
3. Write briefly about Akbar's northern conquest ? 2
4. When and between whom was the second battle of Panipat fought ? What was the result ? 2

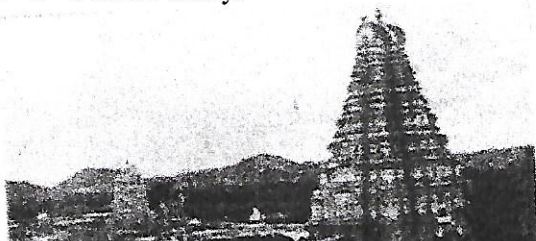
Question -7

1. The age of Shah jahan is the golden age of Mughal rule? Give reason ? 3
2. Explain the factors responsible for the decline of mughal empire? 3
3. Describe the religious policy of Aurangzeb. What were its result ? 2
4. Describe Aurangzeb clash with Rajputs ? 2

Question -8

1. Who were sufi's ? what were their teachings ? Name two famous sufi saints. 3
2. How were bhakti and sufi movement similar ? 2
3. What do you understand by bhakti ? What were the teachings of bhakti reformers? 3
4. Who was Kabir ? What were his teachings ? 2

Question – 9 Picture study:-



1. Name the temple ? 2
2. Name the dynasties ruled? 3
3. Name the capital city? 2
4. Who was the greatest ruler of this empire? 3